PHN contribution to SPA ____'s Public Health Improvement Plan for 2002-____ **Assessment:** In SPA ____, data for _____ year shows community knowledge about health and human service resources is as follows: Insert SPA data here that describes the community knowledge about resources showing the distribution by race, ethnic group, gender, immigration status, age, geographic area, etc. Community knowledge about resources differs from or is similar to the countywide profile in the following ways: Insert SPA/county comparison data here. Describe the qualitative and quantitative factors that influence community knowledge about health and human service resources in SPA ____. Aim to answer the question, "What are the factors that contribute to lack of knowledge about health and human service resources among the population in the SPA?" Diagnosis: The SPA Public Health Team may determine that there is a lack of knowledge in the population concerning how to resolve specific public health concerns. In addition, the Public Health Team determines that the _____population is having difficulty accessing health and human service resources (i.e., health care, food, mental health, social support, housing, etc.) that are available in the community, either because of lack of knowledge about resources or barriers to accessing resources resulting in unmet needs/concerns. NOTE: If the SPA can promise improvement in the community knowledge about health and human service resources for everyone living in the SPA, then so state here. If there are no resources available to promise improvement in all, then under this heading describe in what way community knowledge about resources is worse for different groups. For instance, it is overall but _____ for residents of Pomona (therefore the focus for improvement efforts is on residents of Pomona). **Identifying Outcomes:** Outcome Objective 1:

By _____ (date), there will be a ____% increase in use of health and human service resources by the _____ population, from a baseline of _____ to ____, as evidenced by

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<u>Outcome</u>	e Objective 2	<u>.</u>					
health is			a% reduction, population, 				
Planniı	ng and Act	tion:					
Intermed	liate Objectiv	<u>'es</u>					
changes the the outcome measured probability specific intorganization awareness circumstar The followimproving the composition of the composition	nat will occur the ne. Intermediate within the time of reducing a hadron despired by the reducing as the reducing as policies, beliefs, praction despired by the reducing are exampled by the reducing a red	at ultimately rete Objectives I period of the nealth problem igned to achie ies, and powerces, and behav, and practice	link the Outcome Cesult in or produce thave shorter time from program plan. Interprogram plan. Interprogram plan in or increasing resilieve the outcome. In a structures at the savior at the community at the individual/facessible/suggestern of public health	the desired outcome ames and clearly remediate Objective ency/capacity. The attermediate Object by stems level, characteristy level, and known amily level.]	ne. They a eflect wha es assess i ese object ives meas nges in con vledge, att	are precurson to can be acomeasures, vives measure change mmunity no itude, believes related	ors to attaining accomplished and which have a higure the impact of as in orms, attitudes, fs, values, skills, at to reducing
1.	increase in	awareness	% of thes related to healt red by	h and human se	ervice re	will demo	onstrate an available in the
2.	increase in	knowledge	% of the concerning				
ex		e Intermedia	examples, the folk the Objective to the				

Process Objectives for Intermediate Objectives #1-2:

[DEFINITION: Process objectives are the methods of the intervention. They detail the specific tasks that will be carried out within a specified time frame. Process objectives describes the input; the means by which the intervention or strategy will be implemented. They include inputs, participation, and reactions.]

The following Process Objectives focus on activities that occur at an Ask-the-Nurse site. Ask-the-Nurse interventions, as Process Objectives, provide advice/assistance to a population regarding specific client-initiated concerns and/or a specific <u>public health message</u> for the population. The Consumer/Community Service Form is used to document the encounter. A complete PHN Assessment of the client/family at the Ask-the-Nurse site is not required, though it may be initiated at PHN discretion or the client/family may be referred to the DPHN of residence to initiate/complete the assessment.

Examples of public health messages are encouraging immunization completion, increasing knowledge about the need for increasing physical activity, identifying those at risk for asthma, and so on. Choosing the public health message to promote would depend on the Intermediate Objective(s) that will achieve the SPA public health improvement Outcome Objectives decided on by the SPA Public Health Team. The effect of the promotion of a public health message with a population would be expressed as a measurable Process Objective.

As with any PHN intervention, Ask-the-Nurse would be part of an overall interdisciplinary strategy to achieve the Intermediate Objective(s) toward achieving an Outcome Objective.

And so on...

Under the direction of the SPA Nurse Manager, additional relevant Intermediate Objectives should be developed that address the Outcome Objectives as well as specific Process Objectives that address each Intermediate Objective.

Ultimately, the Outcome Objective of increasing knowledge about community resources among the population will *only be achieved if other disciplines and the community* contribute to identifying Intermediate and Process Objectives.

Evaluation

Each Process Objective and Intermediate Objective should have a mechanism to evaluate whether or not the objective was accomplished. This includes a mechanism to track progress toward achieving the Outcome Objective at regular intervals.